

# PROTWAX--TRANSPARENT-400ML

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 16.06.2020

 4.6
 14.11.2020
 592332-00005
 Date of first issue: 24.05.2013

#### **SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

Product name : PROTWAX--TRANSPARENT-400ML

Product code : 0893 082 400

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : Wurth Australia Pty Ltd

Address : 2/1 Healey Road

Dandenong South, Victoria, 3175

Telephone : +61 3 8788 1111

Emergency telephone number : 1300 657 765. Advisory office in case of poisoning - National

Poisons Centre: 131 126

E-mail address : prodsafe@wuerth.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Coatings

Corrosion inhibitor

#### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

**GHS Classification** 

Flammable aerosols : Category 1

Gases under pressure : Liquefied gas

Skin sensitisation : Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity - :

single exposure

Category 3

**GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms :







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.



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Supplemental Hazard State-

ments

AUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or crack-

ing.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces.

No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after

use.

P261 Avoid breathing spray.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of

the workplace.

P280 Wear protective gloves.

# Response:

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell. P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F.

#### Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

# Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

#### **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

#### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes,	64742-48-9	>= 20 -< 30
cyclics, <2% aromatics		
Butane	106-97-8	>= 20 -< 30
Propane	74-98-6	>= 20 -< 30
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes,	64742-48-9	>= 10 -< 20
cyclics, <2% aromatics		
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	64742-95-6	< 10
Calcium petroleum sulfonates	61789-86-4	>= 1 -< 10
Isobutane	75-28-5	< 10



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**SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES** 

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

and effects, delayed

May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

#### **SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Flash back possible over considerable distance. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. If the temperature rises there is danger of the vessels bursting

due to the high vapor pressure.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

Carbon oxides Metal oxides

Sulphur oxides

Specific extinguishing meth- : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-



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ods cumstances and the surrounding environment.

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment:

for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

Hazchem Code : 2YE

#### **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Remove all sources of ignition.
Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal pro-

tective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil

barriers).

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Non-sparking tools should be used.

Soak up with inert absorbent material.

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water

spray jet.

For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absor-

bent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

#### **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

If advised by assessment of the local exposure potential, use only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust ventila-

tion.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.



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Avoid breathing spray.

Do not swallow.

Avoid contact with eyes.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-

sessment

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and

other ignition sources. No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye

flushing systems and safety showers close to the working

place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the

workplace.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Conditions for safe storage : Store locked up.

Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Organic peroxides Oxidizing agents Flammable liquids Pyrophoric liquids Pyrophoric solids

Self-heating substances and mixtures

**Explosives** 

Recommended storage tem- :

perature

15 - 35 °C

Storage period : 24 Months

#### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	64742-48-9	TWA	900 mg/m3	AU OEL
		TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	AU OEL
		TWA (Inhal-	5 mg/m3	ACGIH



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		able particu- late matter)		
Butane	106-97-8	TWA	800 ppm 1,900 mg/m3	AU OEL
		STEL	1,000 ppm	ACGIH
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	64742-48-9	TWA	900 mg/m3	AU OEL
		TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	AU OEL
		TWA (Inhal- able particu- late matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	64742-95-6	TWA	900 mg/m3	AU OEL
Isobutane	75-28-5	STEL	1,000 ppm	ACGIH

**Engineering measures** : Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.

If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

If advised by assessment of the local exposure potential, use only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust venti-

lation.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : No personal respiratory protective equipment normally re-

quired.

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure

limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Filter type : Combined particulates and organic vapour type

Hand protection

Material : Nitrile rubber
Break through time : 480 min
Glove thickness : 0.9 mm

Remarks : Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending

on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to place of work. For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Eye protection : Wear the following personal protective equipment:

Safety glasses

Skin and body protection : Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical

resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure

potential.

Wear the following personal protective equipment:

If assessment demonstrates that there is a risk of explosive atmospheres or flash fires, use flame retardant antistatic

protective clothing.



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Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective

clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

#### **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance : Aerosol containing a liquefied gas

Propellant : Butane, Propane, Isobutane

Colour : beige

Odour : hydrocarbon-like

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

-44.5 °C

Flash point : 24 °C

Flash point is only valid for liquid portion in the aerosol can.

Evaporation rate : Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas) : Extremely flammable aerosol.

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

11 %(V)

Lower explosion limit / Lower :

flammability limit

0.6 %(V)

Vapour pressure : 5,400 hPa

Relative vapour density : > 1

(Air = 1.0)

Density : 0.6675 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : immiscible

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable



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Auto-ignition temperature : 240 °C

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Particle size : Not applicable

#### **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

Extremely flammable aerosol.

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

If the temperature rises there is danger of the vessels bursting

due to the high vapor pressure.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

### **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Exposure routes : Inhalation

Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

#### **Acute toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

#### Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 4,951 mg/m3

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity



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Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 3,160 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Butane:** 

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 658 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: vapour

Propane:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 800000 ppm

Exposure time: 15 min Test atmosphere: gas

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5,600 mg/m3

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 3,492 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 6.193 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapour

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 3,160 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Calcium petroleum sulfonates:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 1.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h



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Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 4,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Isobutane:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Mouse): 260200 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: gas

Skin corrosion/irritation

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

**Components:** 

Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Mild skin irritation

Assessment : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Result : Mild skin irritation

Assessment : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Assessment : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Calcium petroleum sulfonates:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials



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### Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

#### Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

#### Calcium petroleum sulfonates:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

### **Components:**

#### Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

#### Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

# Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Test Type : Maximisation Test Exposure routes : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

### Calcium petroleum sulfonates:

Test Type : Buehler Test Exposure routes : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig



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Result : positive

Assessment : Probability or evidence of low to moderate skin sensitisation

rate in humans

**Chronic toxicity** 

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

**Butane:** 

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Propane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo



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cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

**Application Route: Ingestion** 

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)

Result: negative

Calcium petroleum sulfonates:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Isobutane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay)

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Species : Rat

Application Route : inhalation (vapour)

Exposure time : 105 weeks Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials



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Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Species : Rat

Application Route : inhalation (vapour)

Exposure time : 105 weeks Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening

test

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Butane:** 

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Propane:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas)



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Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)

Result: negative

Calcium petroleum sulfonates:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 415

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Isobutane:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Inhalation Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative



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### STOT - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### **Components:**

### Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Butane:** 

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Propane:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

Isobutane:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

### Repeated dose toxicity

#### **Components:**

### Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 10,186 mg/m3
Application Route : inhalation (vapour)

Exposure time : 13 Weeks

**Butane:** 

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 9000 ppm
Application Route : inhalation (gas)

Exposure time : 6 Weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 422

Propane:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 7.214 mg/l
Application Route : inhalation (gas)
Exposure time : 6 Weeks



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Method : OECD Test Guideline 422

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 1,000 mg/kg

Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 54 Days

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Species : Rat, female NOAEL : 900 mg/m3

Application Route : inhalation (vapour)

Exposure time : 12 Months

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Calcium petroleum sulfonates:

Species : Rat

> 1000 mg/kg

Application Route : Skin contact Exposure time : 28 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 410

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Isobutane:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 9000 ppm
Application Route : inhalation (gas)

Exposure time : 6 Weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 422

#### **Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

#### Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

### Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

### Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.



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#### **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### **Ecotoxicity**

#### Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 10 - 30 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 22 - 46 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1,000

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1,000

ma/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 100

na/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction



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Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 9.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 7.9

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.22

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 99 mg/l

Exposure time: 10 min

Calcium petroleum sulfonates:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): >

10.000 ma/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >

1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1,000

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h



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Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

#### Persistence and degradability

#### **Components:**

Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 89 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Butane:** 

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 100 % Exposure time: 385.5 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Propane:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 100 % Exposure time: 385.5 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 80 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 78 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Calcium petroleum sulfonates:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 8.6 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Isobutane:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 100 % Exposure time: 385.5 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials



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#### Bioaccumulative potential

**Components:** 

**Butane:** 

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 2.31

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 3.7 - 4.5

Calcium petroleum sulfonates:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: > 6.65

Isobutane:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 2.8

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

# **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Disposal methods** 

Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-

dling site for recycling or disposal.

Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product. Please ensure aerosol cans are sprayed completely empty

(including propellant)

#### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### International Regulations

**UNRTDG** 

UN number : UN 1950
Proper shipping name : AEROSOLS

Class : 2.1

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : 2.1



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**IATA-DGR** 

UN/ID No. : UN 1950

Proper shipping name : Aerosols, flammable

Class : 2.1

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

203

Labels : Flammable Gas

Packing instruction (cargo :

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen: 203

ger aircraft)

**IMDG-Code** 

UN number : UN 1950
Proper shipping name : AEROSOLS

Class : 2.1

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : 2.1 EmS Code : F-D, S-U Marine pollutant : no

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

#### **National Regulations**

**ADG** 

UN number : UN 1950
Proper shipping name : AEROSOLS

Class : 2.1

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : 2.1 Hazchem Code : 2YE

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

#### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Standard for the Uniform : No

Scheduling of Medicines and

Poisons

No poison schedule number allocated

Prohibition/Licensing Requirements : There is no applicable prohibition,

authorisation and restricted use requirements, including for carcinogens referred to in Schedule 10 of the model WHS Act and Regula-

tions.



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Volatile organic compounds Directive 2010/75/EU of 24 November 2010 on industrial

> emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 567.5 g/l

: Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD

eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AIIC : All ingredients listed or exempt.

#### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

**Further information** 

**Revision Date** 14.11.2020

Sources of key data used to

compile the Safety Data

Sheet

Date format dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

**ACGIH** USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

**AU OEL** Australia. Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Con-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

taminants.

ACGIH / TWA 8-hour, time-weighted average ACGIH / STEL Short-term exposure limit

Exposure standard - time weighted average AU OEL / TWA

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No



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1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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